Consolidated Financial Results for the First Quarter FY2019 (IFRS)

May 14, 2019

Company name:	Sosei Group Corporation		Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange
Security code:	4565	URL:	https://www.soseiheptares.com/
Representative:	Shinichi Tamura Representative Executive Officer, CEO		
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Scheduled date of Quarterly Securities Report filing	May 14, 2019	Scheduled date of dividend payments:	—
Supplementary materials for financial results:	No		
Financial results briefing session:	No		

(Rounded million yen)

1. Consolidated results for 3 month period ended March 31, 2019 (from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2019)

(1) Consolidated operating results (cumulative) (Percentages are shown as year-on-year changes)

	Revenue		Operating income		Net profit before income taxes		Net profit		Net profit attributable to owners of the parent company		Total comprehensive income	
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%
3 month period ended March 31, 2019	3,136	275.8	1,061	—	929	—	1,018	—	1,018	—	1,944	—
3 month period ended June 30, 2018	835	(70.0)	(1,783)	—	(1,943)	—	(1,568)	—	(1,568)	—	(2,297)	—

	Earnings per share – basic	Earnings per share – diluted
	Yen	Yen
3 month period ended March 31, 2019	13.34	13.30
3 month period ended June 30, 2018	(20.57)	(20.57)

(Note) Effective July 1, 2018, the Company executed a stock split at a ratio of 4 shares per common share. Earnings per share has been calculated as if the stock split had occurred at the beginning of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company to total assets
	Million yen	Million yen	Million yen	%
At March 31, 2019	61,845	43,632	43,629	70.5
At December 31, 2018	58,987	41,580	41,577	70.5

2. Dividends

	Dividends per share				
	End Q1	End Q2	End Q3	End Q4	Total
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
FY2018	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
FY2019	-				
FY2019 (E)		0.00	-	0.00	0.00

(Note) There is no change in dividends forecast from the previous disclosure.
The record date for the interim dividend for the FY2018 is June 30, 2018 (End Q1) because the date of the start of FY2018 is April 1, 2018.

3. Forecast for the FY2019 (from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019)

We have made excellent progress in strengthening our wider business and are well-positioned to capitalize on a number of strategic opportunities. Our highly productive platform has generated multiple new exciting candidates, and we have actively increased partnered and co-development

discussions, whilst simultaneously investing to advance our robust pipeline of emerging in-house drug candidates.

The Group presents its outlook for the financial year ending December 31, 2019, targeting a more sustainable balance of resources and capital in order to prioritize the pursuit of profitability:

- Forecast total R&D expenses in the range of JPY 4,320 to JPY 4,860[1] million (unchanged).
- Forecast cash G&A expenses in the range of JPY 1,620 to JPY 2,160 million (unchanged).
- We expect to receive upfront payments related to new partnerships.
- We expect to receive milestone payments from existing discovery and development partnerships.
- We will continue to take a more focused approach to in-house pipeline investment and will look to strongly manage our cost base.
- The Group has a strong cash runway into 2020 to fund its drug development activities and is proactively seeking to extend the cash runway into late 2021.

* Notes

(1) Changes in the number of significant subsidiaries for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019 (changes of specified subsidiaries affecting the scope of consolidation): None

(2) Changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates

1) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: Yes
2) Changes due to changes in accounting policies other than those of item 1: None
3) Changes in accounting estimates: None

(3) Number of common shares issued

1) Number of shares issued at period end (including treasury shares)	At March 31, 2019	76,375,936 shares	At December 31, 2019	76,301,936 shares
2) Number of treasury shares at period end	At March 31, 2019	104 shares	At December 31, 2019	104 shares
3) Average number of shares in issue in period	3 month period ended March 31, 2019	76,310,108 shares	3 month period ended June 30, 2018	76,219,832 shares

(Note) As of July 1, 2018, the Company has executed a stock split at a ratio of 4 shares per common share. "Number of shares issued at period end", "Number of treasury shares at period end" and "Average number of shares in issue in period" are calculated assuming that the stock split was made at the beginning of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

* Quarterly consolidated financial results reports are not subject to audit.

* *Explanation regarding the appropriate use of forecasts of business results and other points to be noted*

Note concerning forward-looking statements: The financial forecast is based on judgements and estimates that have been prepared on the basis of information available as of the time of disclosure of this material. The actual business results may differ materially from the forecasts due to various factors.

[1] Management's forecast total R&D expenses for the financial year ending December 31, 2019 include (i) Cash R&D costs, (ii) Cost of Sales (reallocated from Cash R&D), and (iii) R&D facility lease costs (reallocated to non-cash categories in accordance with IFRS 16).

○ Contents of Attached Materials

1. Analysis of Operating Results and Financial Position

(1) Analysis of operating results

The Group is a clinical-stage biotechnology company. Our vision is to become one of Japan's global biotechnology champions, by discovering and developing highly innovative medicines targeting G Protein-Coupled Receptors ("GPCRs").

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2019 (from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2019), the Group continued to advance its proprietary StaR® ("stabilized receptor") technology, Structure-based Drug Design ("SBDD") platform, and in-house development pipeline.

Our balanced business model progressed across all areas; (i) existing partnerships with major global pharmaceutical companies, (ii) new and existing collaborations in R&D with innovative pharmaceutical/biotechnology companies, and venture capital ("VC") funds, and (iii) in-house drug development.

As of March 31, 2019, the Group had 15 programs ongoing in discovery, with 6 in preclinical development, and 8[1] currently in clinical trials.

In the area of partnerships with major global pharmaceutical companies, the Group reached a significant milestone, with its first partnered program progressing towards Phase 2 clinical studies.

On January 7, 2019, the Group announced it had been notified by AstraZeneca UK Limited ("AstraZeneca") that it had achieved a clinical development milestone with its partnered next generation immuno-oncology candidate AZD4635, triggering a US$15 million payment from AstraZeneca. The clinical study to date had established the maximum-tolerated dose of AZD4635 as a single agent and in combination with durvalumab. The study had progressed successfully to the point where the therapeutic potential of AZD4635 was being explored in multiple solid tumors. As a result, AstraZeneca moved the trial towards Phase 2, thereby triggering the milestone payment to the Group.

On March 22, 2019, the Group announced that Ultibro® Breezhaler® and Seebri®Breezhaler® had been launched in China for the treatment of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease ("COPD"). The Group, together with Vectura Group plc, exclusively licensed key intellectual property integral to the development of both products to Novartis in April 2005 and is eligible for royalties on global product sales. Both products will be promoted in China by Huizheng (Shanghai) Technology Co., Ltd., a group company of Zhejiang Hisun Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. under license from Beijing Novartis Pharma Co., Ltd and Sandoz (China) Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd, both controlled subsidiaries of Novartis. The effect of the China launch on the Group's consolidated financial results for the accounting period ending December 31, 2019 is not likely to be material.

In the area of collaborations in R&D with innovative pharmaceutical/biotechnology companies and VC funds, the Group continued to make significant progress with its partners and announced a new R&D collaboration with a VC fund relating to its orexin agonist program.

On February 4, 2019, the Group announced it had entered into a structured financing agreement with Medicxi, a VC fund dedicated to financing asset-centric companies, to form two independent

[1] Includes QVM149 for Asthma, AZD4635 for multiple solid malignancies, HTL0018318 for dementia with Lewy bodies (voluntarily suspended), AZD4635 for EGFRm NSCLC, HTL0016878 for neurobehavioral symptoms of Alzheimer's disease, HTL0018318 for Alzheimer's disease (voluntarily suspended), HTL0014242 for neurological disorders, and HTL0030310 for endocrine disorders.

companies, Orexia Ltd ("Orexia") and Inexia Ltd ("Inexia"), that aim to develop novel therapies based on positive modulators of the GPCRs Orexin OX1 and OX2 for neurological diseases. Medicxi will invest in both companies with an aggregate amount of up to €40 million. Under the terms of the agreement, Orexia and Inexia obtained certain related intellectual property from the Group and have the rights to exploit a series of Orexin OX1 and OX2 positive modulators and products derived therefrom, including dual OX1/OX2 agonists, designed and developed by the Group, as well as access to proprietary know-how and development capabilities. Orexia will focus on the development of oral therapies, while Inexia will focus on the development of candidates for intranasal delivery using the Optinose Exhalation Delivery System. The Group will retain an equity holding in both companies and will receive R&D payments as well as further payments on the achievement of pre-defined development milestones. The funding, which is committed by Medicxi, will enable the further development and optimization of lead candidates for oral or intranasal administration into clinical development and through to proof-of-concept, utilizing the Group's platform, discovery and clinical development expertise including extensive experience of neurological disorders. Specific target indications will be determined as the programs advance, and will include narcolepsy, a rare sleep disorder.

In the area of in-house drug development, the Group continued to make the necessary investments in its pipeline, as it advanced multiple candidates towards clinical studies and to launch.

On January 31, 2019, the Group announced its wholly-owned Japanese subsidiary Sosei Co., Ltd. (the "Business") would launch ORAVI® Mucoadhesive Tablets 50mg in Japan on February 4, 2019, for the treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis. The Business had granted an exclusive license to FUJIFILM Toyama Chemical Co., Ltd. ("FUJIFILM Toyama Chemical") for the commercialization of ORAVI® in Japan. The Business will supply ORAVI® tablets to FUJIFILM Toyama Chemical to sell into the Japanese market and is entitled to receive revenues on sales of the products to FUJIFILM Toyama Chemical and additional payments based on the achievement of sales-based milestones.

On February 20, 2019, the Group announced that the first healthy subject had been dosed with the novel small molecule HTL0030310 in a Phase I clinical study, marking the start of a new in-house clinical program targeting endocrine disorders, including Cushing's disease. HTL0030310 is a potent and selective agonist of the SSTR5 (somatostatin 5) receptor and the sixth molecule designed by the Group using its GPCR SBDD platform to enter clinical development. The new clinical study with HTL0030310 is a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled first-in-human study in which single ascending subcutaneous doses of HTL0030310 will be administered to healthy male and female adult subjects.

The Group's other in-house drug development programs continued to progress well.

As of March 31, 2019, the Group had a total of 161 employees (a decrease of 8 employees vs. the end of the previous fiscal year FY18).

The Company and the Group changed its fiscal year end from March 31 to December 31 at the 28th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. Comparative financial disclosures for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019 therefore reference the three-month period ended June 30, 2018 as the prior corresponding period.

As a result of the above activities, the Group reported the following financial results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. Revenue of JPY 3,136 million (an increase of JPY 2,301 million vs. the prior corresponding period), an operating profit of JPY 1,061 million (an operating loss of JPY 1,783 million in the prior corresponding period), a net profit before income taxes of JPY 929 million (a net loss of before income taxes of JPY 1,943 million in the prior corresponding period), a net profit of JPY 1,018 million (a net loss of JPY 1,568 million in the prior corresponding period).

	3 months ended March 31, 2019 ¥m	3 months ended June 30, 2018 ¥m	Change
Revenue	**3,136**	835	2,301
Cost of sales	**(213)**	-	(213)
Research and development expenses	**(1,024)**	(1,855)	831
Selling, general and administrative expenses	**(841)**	(821)	(20)
Other net income	**3**	58	(55)
Operating profit (loss)	**1,061**	(1,783)	2,844
Net finance costs	**(64)**	(48)	(16)
Share of loss of associates	**(68)**	(112)	44
Net profit (loss) before income tax	**929**	(1,943)	2,872
Net profit (loss)	**1,018**	(1,568)	2,586

Subsequent to March 31, 2019, the following events occurred:
On March 31, 2019 and April 2, 2019, the Group's strategic alliance partner, AstraZeneca, presented new clinical and preclinical data on next-generation immuno-oncology candidate AZD4635 at the 2019 American Association for Cancer Research (AACR) Annual Meeting in Atlanta, USA. The data demonstrated that AZD4635 prevents adenosine-mediated immunosuppression and that early clinical activity had been observed with AZD4635 monotherapy or in combination with durvalumab in patients with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer.

The two posters presented by AstraZeneca were titled "Evidence of immune activation in the first-in-human Phase 1a dose escalation study of the adenosine 2a receptor antagonist, AZD4635, in patients with advanced solid tumors" and "The A2AR antagonist AZD4635 prevents adenosine-mediated immunosuppression of CD103+ dendritic cells". The Group made the abstracts and posters available on its corporate website on April 15, 2019, alongside a summary of AstraZeneca's key findings.

On May 14, 2019, the Group reported encouraging progress from its strategic multi-target drug discovery collaboration with Pfizer, which included the first pre-clinical development candidate nominated by Pfizer under the collaboration – a novel, oral, small molecule modulator of an undisclosed target, which triggered a $3m milestone payment to the Group. The research phase of the collaboration has delivered several milestones leading to the advancement of new potential candidate programs against GPCR targets nominated by Pfizer in major disease areas. Further milestones payments are contemplated under the agreement, with potential for royalties also payable provided the criteria under the agreement are satisfied.

The Group operates as a single business segment and, therefore, segmental information has been omitted. Further explanation of the Group's financial performance is detailed below.

Revenue

	3 months ended March 31, 2019 ¥m	3 months ended June 30, 2018 ¥m	Change
Milestone fees and lump-sum payments	**2,257**	101	2,156
Royalty income	**576**	626	(50)
Product supply revenue	**65**	-	65
Other	**238**	108	130
	3,136	835	2,301

Revenue in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 3,136 million (an increase of JPY 2,301 million vs. the prior corresponding period).

Revenue related to milestones in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 2,257 million (an increase of JPY 2,156 million vs. the prior corresponding period). The increase in revenues related to milestones in the three-month period under review was mainly due to the US$15 million payment from AstraZeneca. The prior corresponding period didn't contain any upfront payments related to new partnerships, or major milestone payments from existing discovery and development partnerships. The Group classifies a "major" milestone payment as any single payment greater than or equal to approximately USD 5 million.

Revenue related to royalties in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 576 million (a decrease of JPY 50 million vs. the prior corresponding period). The majority of the Group's royalty revenue relates to sales of Ultibro® Breezhaler® and Seebri® Breezhaler® by Novartis[2].

On April 24, 2019, our partner Novartis reported (calendar) Q1 2019 sales for its Ultibro® Breezhaler® and Seebri® Breezhaler® products of USD 135 million (a decrease of USD 9 million). The breakdown of Novartis' (calendar) Q1 2019 sales by product was as follows:

- Ultibro® Breezhaler® USD 104 million (+7% compared to Q1 2018[3]) an inhaled LABA/LAMA, showed continued growth, supported by FLAME and SUNSET study results as well as the GOLD Strategy 2019 Report.
- Seebri® Breezhaler® USD 31 million (-10% compared to Q1 2018[4]) an inhaled LAMA, declined due to competition in Europe and a focus of resources on Ultibro® Breezhaler®.

Ultibro® Breezhaler® remains the number one LABA/LAMA across Europe. In March 2019, Ultibro® Breezhaler® and Seebri® Breezhaler® was launched by Novartis in China for the treatment of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

In its (calendar) Q1 2019 results presentation, Novartis re-confirmed the program status of QVM149, a new inhaled LABA/LAMA/ICS therapy for the treatment of Asthma, containing the Group's out-licensed compound glycopyrronium bromide. Phase III PALLADIUM, IRIDIUM and ARGON studies of QVM149 are expected to complete in Q3 2019. The QUARTZ study was completed in Q1 2019, with publication of data planned for Q3 2019. The filing of QVM149 is planned for H2 2019, ahead of an expected commercial launch in 2020, from which the Group is eligible to receive further royalties on sales of this product.

[2] Glycopyrronium bromide and certain use and formulation intellectual property were exclusively licensed to Novartis in April 2005 by Sosei and Vectura. In the US, these products are available at different doses or regimens under the names Utibron™ Neohaler® and Seebri™ Neohaler® and Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc. has assumed as of December 21, 2016 US commercialization rights for them. Seebri™ Neohaler® was launched in October 2017 by Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.

[3] At constant currency rates

[4] At constant currency rates

Operating expenses

	3 months ended March 31, 2019 ¥m	3 months ended June 30, 2018 ¥m	Change
Cost of sales	**213**	-	213
Research and development	**1,024**	1,855	(831)
Cash expenses	**936**	1,826	(890)
Non-cash expenses	**88**	29	59
General and administrative expenses	**841**	821	20
Cash expenses	**557**	508	49
Non-cash expenses	**284**	313	(29)

Cost of sales

Cost of sales in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 213 million yen. Cost of sales comprises (i) the fully loaded cost of those employees providing research and development services to specific customers under contracts (including other costs directly associated with these activities such as lab consumables and an allocated share of depreciation of lab equipment) and (ii) the costs directly associated with ORAVI® product supply.

Research and development expenses

Cash research and development ("R&D") expenses in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 936 million yen (a decrease of JPY 890 million vs. the prior corresponding period). The decrease in R&D spend primarily related to the voluntary suspension of the Phase IIa MATILDA study for DLB patients in Japan, and the result of a more focused approach to in-house drug development. In the period under review, 94% of R&D spend related to our UK operations.

General and administrative expenses

Cash general and administrative ("G&A") expenses in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 557 million (an increase of JPY 49 million vs. the prior corresponding period). The increase in G&A spend primarily related to UK national insurance charges which rose due to an increase in the Company's share price during Q1 2019. This was partially offset by a general increased prudence with regards to G&A expenditure.

Non-cash expenses

Non-cash expenses primarily consist of depreciation on property, plant and equipment, amortization of intangible assets and stock-based compensation expense. Non-cash expenses in the three-month period under review were JPY 372 million (an increase of JPY 30 million vs. the prior corresponding period). In total, depreciation amounted to JPY 103 million (an increase of JPY 66 million vs. the prior corresponding period). Amortization for the three-month period under review totaled JPY 238 million (an increase of JPY 8 million vs. the prior corresponding period). Stock-based compensation expense for the period was JPY 31 million (a decrease of JPY 44 million vs. the prior corresponding period).

Operating profit

Operating profit in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 1,061 million (vs. an operating loss of JPY 1,783 million in the prior corresponding period). The main reason for the operating profit was due to the increase in revenue (for the reasons stated above), and the decrease in R&D expense (for the reasons stated above) during the three-month period under review vs. the prior corresponding period.

Net finance costs

Net finance costs in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 64 million (an increase of JPY 16 million vs. the prior corresponding period). The increase was primarily due to foreign exchange losses which were partially offset by a contingent consideration credit and fair value gains arising during in the period. As a reminder to our valued Shareholders, the contingent consideration charge relates to additional purchase consideration to be paid to the former shareholders of Heptares Therapeutics Limited. The contingent consideration charge represents the re-measurement of the estimated liability due in the future to the former shareholders of Heptares Therapeutics Limited. As of March 31, 2019, the Group has to date paid USD 68 million in milestones, out of the total maximum potential milestone amount payable of USD 220 million.

Net profit

The net profit in the three-month period under review totaled JPY 1,018 million (vs. a net loss of JPY 1,568 million in the prior corresponding period). The main reason for the net profit was due to the increase in revenue (for the reasons stated above), and the decrease in R&D expense (for the reasons stated above) during the three-month period under review vs. the prior corresponding period.

(2) Analysis of financial position

1) Assets, liabilities and equity

Assets

Total assets at March 31, 2019 were JPY 61,845 million (an increase of JPY 2,858 million vs. the end of the previous fiscal year FY18). The main reason for this increase was due to an increase in property, plant and equipment including the first time recognition of right to use assets of JPY 1,730 million related to the application of IFRS16 and an increase in other financial assets. The increase of JPY 562 million in other financial assets is primarily the result of investments arising from the collaboration deal with Medicxi and RMF1 investment valuation gains.

Liabilities

Total liabilities at March 31, 2019 were JPY 18,213 million (an increase of JPY 806 million vs. the end of the previous fiscal year FY18). The main reason for the increase was due to the first time recognition of lease liabilities included in Interest-bearing debt of JPY 1,817 million related to the application of IFRS16 offset by long term loan and lease repayments of JPY 767 million.

Equity

Total equity at March 31, 2019 was JPY 43,632 million (an increase of JPY 2,052 million vs. the end of the previous fiscal year FY18). This was primarily due to the net profit of JPY 1,018 million and exchange differences of translation of JPY 956 million.

The ratio of Cash and cash equivalent, Interest-bearing debt and Equity attributable to owners of the parent company to total assets were 29.9%, 13.0% and 70.5%, respectively.

2) Cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2019 decreased by JPY 255 million from the beginning of the year and amounted to JPY 18,505 million.

Cash flows from operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the period under review totaled JPY 359 million. This was predominantly due to profit before income taxes of JPY 929 million recorded for the period arising from the Group's increased revenue from AstraZeneca's milestone payment which were partially offset by a decrease in trade payable of JPY 516 million.

Cash flows from investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the period under review totaled JPY 211 million. This was primarily due to expenditure on property, plant and equipment of JPY 131 million and an additional RMF1 investment of JPY 100 million.

Cash flows from financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the period under review totaled JPY 447 million. This was primarily due to capital repayments of long-term interest-bearing loans and lease liabilities of JPY 767 million plus contingent consideration payments of JPY 252 million less contributions from the limited partners in RMF1 of JPY 495 million.

(3) Earnings forecast

We have made excellent progress in strengthening our wider business and are well-positioned to capitalize on a number of strategic opportunities. Our highly productive platform has generated multiple new exciting candidates, and we have actively increased partnered and co-development discussions, whilst simultaneously investing to advance our robust pipeline of emerging in-house drug candidates.

The Group presents its outlook for the financial year ending December 31, 2019, targeting a more sustainable balance of resources and capital in order to prioritize the pursuit of profitability:

- Forecast total R&D expenses in the range of JPY 4,320 to JPY 4,860 million[1](unchanged).
- Forecast cash G&A expenses in the range of JPY 1,620 to JPY 2,160 million (unchanged).
- We expect to receive upfront payments related to new partnerships.
- We expect to receive milestone payments from existing discovery and development partnerships.
- We will continue to take a more focused approach to in-house pipeline investment and will look to strongly manage our cost base.
- The Group has a strong cash runway into 2020 to fund its drug development activities and is proactively seeking to extend the cash runway into late 2021.

[1] Management's forecast total R&D expenses for the financial year ending December 31, 2019 include (i) Cash R&D costs, (ii) Cost of Sales (reallocated from Cash R&D), and (iii) R&D facility lease costs (reallocated to non-cash categories in accordance with IFRS 16).

2. Interim condensed consolidated financial statements and primary notes (IFRS)

1) Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

	March 31, 2019 (Unaudited) ¥m	December 31, 2018 (Audited) ¥m
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	**4,470**	2,715
Goodwill	**14,453**	14,177
Intangible assets	**14,524**	14,367
Investments accounted for using the equity method	**3,696**	3,644
Other financial assets	**2,077**	1,515
Other non-current assets	**353**	285
Total non-current assets	**39,573**	36,703
Current assets		
Trade and other receivables	**938**	987
Income tax receivable	**2,280**	2,057
Other current assets	**549**	480
Cash and cash equivalents	**18,505**	18,760
Total current assets	**22,272**	22,284
Total assets	**61,845**	58,987
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	**2,467**	2,542
Contingent consideration in business combinations	**3,521**	4,180
Interest-bearing debt	**4,914**	3,970
Other financial liabilities	**1,863**	1,179
Other non-current liabilities	**144**	87
Total non-current liabilities	**12,909**	11,958
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	**1,829**	2,080
Income taxes payable	**196**	24
Interest-bearing debt	**3,104**	2,994
Other current liabilities	**175**	351
Total current liabilities	**5,304**	5,449
Total liabilities	**18,213**	17,407
Equity		
Capital stock	**36,918**	36,854
Capital surplus	**26,086**	26,042
Treasury stock	**(0)**	(0)
Retained earnings	**(12,678)**	(13,696)
Other components of equity	**(6,697)**	(7,623)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	**43,629**	41,577
Non-controlling interests	**3**	3
Total equity	**43,632**	41,580
Total liabilities and equity	**61,845**	58,987

2) Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	Three month period ended March 31, 2019 (Unaudited) ¥m	Three month period ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited) ¥m
Revenue	**3,136**	835
Cost of sales	**(213)**	-
Gross profit	**2,923**	835
Research and development expenses	**(1,024)**	(1,855)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	**(841)**	(821)
Other income	**11**	60
Other expenses	**(8)**	(2)
Operating profit (loss)	**1,061**	(1,783)
Finance income	**310**	107
Finance costs	**(374)**	(155)
Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method	**(68)**	(112)
Profit (loss) before income taxes	**929**	(1,943)
Income tax benefit (expense)	**89**	375
Net profit (loss)	**1,018**	(1,568)
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	**(30)**	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange conversion difference of overseas sales activities	**956**	(729)
Total other comprehensive income	**926**	(729)
Total comprehensive income	**1,944**	(2,297)
Net profit (loss) attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	**1,018**	(1,568)
Non-controlling interests	**(0)**	(0)
Total net profit (loss) attributable	**1,018**	(1,568)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	**1,944**	(2,297)
Non-controlling interests	**(0)**	(0)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable	**1,944**	(2,297)
Earnings per share (yen)		
Basic earnings (loss) per share	**13.34**	(20.57)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	**13.30**	(20.57)

3) Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Capital stock ¥m	Capital surplus ¥m	Treasury stock ¥m	Retained earnings ¥m	Other components of equity: ¥m	**Equity attributable to owners of the parent ¥m**	Non-controlling interests ¥m	**Total equity ¥m**
Balance at January 1, 2019	**36,854**	**26,042**	(0)	**(13,696)**	**(7,623)**	**41,577**	**3**	**41,580**
Net profit (loss)	-	-	-	1,018	-	**1,018**	(0)	**1,018**
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	926	**926**	-	**926**
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	1,018	926	**1,944**	(0)	**1,944**
Issuance of new shares	64	13	-	-	-	**77**	-	**77**
Share-based payments	-	31	-	-	-	**31**	-	**31**
Total transactions with owners	64	44	-	-	-	**108**	-	**108**
Balance at March 31, 2019 (Unaudited)	**36,918**	**26,086**	(0)	**(12,678)**	**(6,697)**	**43,629**	**3**	**43,632**
Balance at April 1, 2018	36,783	25,608	(0)	(7,527)	(5,982)	48,882	4	48,886
Change in accounting policies	-	-	-	(192)	-	(192)	-	(192)
Balance after restatement	36,783	25,608	(0)	(7,719)	(5,982)	48,690	4	48,694
Net profit (income)	-	-	-	(1,568)	-	(1,568)	0	(1,568)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(729)	(729)	-	(729)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	-	(1,568)	(729)	(2,297)	0	(2,297)
Issuance of new shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share-based payments	-	72	-	-	-	72	-	72
Total transactions with owners	-	72	-	-	-	72	-	72
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	36,783	25,680	(0)	(9,287)	(6,711)	46,465	4	46,469

4) Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flow

	Three month period ended March 31, 2019 (Unaudited) ¥m	Three month period ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited) ¥m
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit (Loss) before income taxes	**929**	(1,943)
Adjustments for:		
Receipt of non-cash consideration from customer	**(260)**	-
Depreciation and amortization	**340**	267
Share-based payments	**31**	75
Loss on revaluation of investment securities	**(229)**	–
Gain on revaluation of investment in capital	**189**	(11)
Net foreign exchange (gain)	**12**	(7)
Interest expenses	**69**	58
Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method	**68**	112
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	**76**	(101)
(Increase) decrease in other accounts receivables	**(75)**	58
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	**(74)**	(72)
(Decrease) increase in trade payables	**(516)**	206
Other	**(195)**	13
Subtotal	**365**	(1,345)
Grants received	**31**	–
Interest and dividends received	**7**	4
Interest paid	**(37)**	(35)
Income taxes paid	**(7)**	(22)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	**359**	(1,398)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	**(131)**	(899)
Payments for purchase of investment securities	**(100)**	(60)
Other	**20**	(12)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	**(211)**	(971)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments of long-term interest-bearing debt	**(767)**	(750)
Payment for settlement of contingent consideration	**(252)**	(98)
Proceeds from contributions from limited partners	**495**	-
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	**77**	-
Other	-	(2)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	**(447)**	(850)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	**44**	(20)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	**(255)**	(3,239)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	**18,760**	28,281
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	**18,505**	25,042

5) Notes of interim condensed consolidated financial statements

5.1 Notes related to going concern assumptions

Not applicable.

5.2 Change in accounting policy

The significant accounting policies applied to the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the Three month period ended March 31, 2019 are consistent with those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the nine month period ended December 31, 2018, except for amendments to IFRS 16 *Leases* , which became effective for the Group from January 1, 2019.

IFRS		Summary of change
IFRS 16	Leases	Amendment to the classification, measurement and recognition of financial instruments

The Group transitioned to IFRS 16 in accordance with the modified retrospective approach. The prior year figures were not adjusted. The Group applied this Standard to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IAS 17 *Leases* and IFRIC 4 *Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*.

For leases that were classified as finance leases under IAS 17, the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability at the date of initial application of IFRS 16 were the carrying amount of the lease asset and lease liability immediately before that date measured applying IAS 17.

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date of initial application of IFRS 16 for leases previously classified as an operating lease under IAS 17, except short-term leases and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The right-of-use assets were measured at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted by the amount of any accrued lease payments and asset retirement obligations relating to that lease. The lease liabilities were discounted at the borrowing rate as of 1 January 2019. The weighted average discount rate was 2.9%.

As part of the initial application of IFRS 16, the Group chooses to apply the following practical expedients:

1) not to apply the new guidance to leases whose term will end within twelve months of the date of initial application. In such cases, the leases are being accounted for as short term leases.
2) to exclude initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use assets.

The following reconciliation to the opening balance for the lease liabilities as of 1 January 2019 is based on the operating lease obligations as of 31 December 2018:

IFRS 16 Reconciliation	Amount ¥m
Operating lease disclosed at 31 December 2018	2,323
IFRS 16 discounting adjustment	(458)
Other	(48)
Additional lease liabilities as a result of the initial application of IFRS 16 as of January 1, 2019	**1,817**

In the context of the transition to IFRS 16, right-of-use assets included in "Property, plant and equipment" of ¥m 1,730 and additional lease liabilities included in "Interest-bearing debt" of ¥m 1,817 were recognized as well as a decrease of in accrued payments within "Other non-current liabilities" of JPY 87 million as of 1 January 2019.

In addition, from the commencement of the application of IFRS 16, the Group has assessed whether any new contracts include a lease. There are no lease transactions recorded for three month period ended March 31, 2019.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the right-of-use asset. In the Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet the right-of-use asset is included in "Property, plant and equipment" and the lease liability is included in "interest-bearing debt".

For low-value asset leases and short-term leases with lease terms of 12 months or less, the Group has adopted the exemption provisions of IFRS 16 and has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The Group recognizes lease payments for these leases as expenses over the lease term using the straight-line method.

5.3 Changes in accounting estimates
Not applicable.

5.4 Operating segments
The Group operates a single business segment being the pharmaceutical business.

5.5 Significant subsequent events
On 17 April 2019 the Board of Directors authorized the scheme design, plan regulations and the form of award agreements for a new share-based Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The purpose of the Plan is to create a mechanism to encourage and reward corporate growth and align the objectives of management and shareholders. The Plan consists of Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) and Performance Share Units (PSUs).

Under the RSU Plan the Company grants the right to receive common shares to Eligible Persons who satisfy certain conditions, such as duration of service over a defined Performance Period.

Under the PSU Plan the Company grants the right to receive common shares to Eligible Persons subject to the achievement of certain Performance Conditions over a defined Performance Period.

Under the 2019 RSU and PSU Plans the maximum number of shares that could be issued if all performance and service conditions are met is 669,226 shares.